1,267,810 pounds of pure lard, 1,939 pounds of lard compound and 5,333,542 pounds of miscellaneous items. Shipments from Saskatchewan were as follows: beef 240,043 pounds, fresh pork 278,231 pounds, cured pork 1,302,922 pounds, lard compound 29 pounds, miscellaneous 161,477 pounds, a total of 1,982,702 pounds. Totals for other provinces were: Prince Edward Island 15,766 pounds, Nova Scotia 420,835 pounds, New Brunwick 140,644 pounds, and British Columbia 816,097 pounds. Details of these shipments will be found at pp. 50-59 of the "Live Stock and Animal Products Statistics, 1930", which may be obtained on application to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Export and Import Trade in Live Stock and Live-Stock Products.—The exports of live stock and live-stock products from the Dominion to the United Kingdom, the United States and all countries, are shown for the four fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1928-31, in Table 12 of the chapter on External Trade, at pp. 428-435, and imports in Table 13 at pp. 452-457. Exports and imports are also available by calendar years 1926-1930, and may be found on pp. 81-83 and 84 of the report on "Live Stock and Animal Products Statistics, 1930". At pp. 298-316 of the report on "Trade of Canada (Imports for Consumption and Exports), Calendar Year 1930" figures are given of exports of "Animals and Animal Products" for 1929 and 1930 and imports of this class for the same calendar years will be found at pp. 91-110 of the same report.

Section 4.—Cold Storage.

Cold Storage Warehouses.—Under the Cold Storage Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 6), now consolidated as c. 25, R.S.C., 1927, subsidies have been granted by the Dominion Government towards the construction and equipment of cold storage warehouses open to the public, the Act and regulations made thereunder being administered by the Department of Agriculture. Table 18 shows for 1931 the number of cold storage warehouses in Canada, with the refrigerated space. The latter amounts to 51,626,469 cubic feet, of which 11,109,730 cubic feet apply to 55 warehouses subsidized under the Act, while 40,606,739 cubic feet apply to 493 non-subsidized warehouses.

18.-Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, by Provinces, 1931.

Nors.—The figures in this table are supplied through the courtesy of J. F. Singleton, Chief of the Division of Dairy Markets and Cold Storage, Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Province.	Subsidized Public Warehouses.				Total Warehouses.	
	Num- ber.	Refriger- ated Space.	Cost.	Total Subsidy.	Num- ber.	Refriger- ated Space
_		Cubic ft.	\$			Cubic ft.
Prince Edward Island	2	212,358	66,970	20,091	7	276,662
Nova Scotia	6	1,957,197	2,596,965	779,090	22	2,617,906
New Brunswick	8	1,162,761	537,996	161.399	24 90	1.083.216
Quebec	8	568,974	609,228	182,768		11,500,186
Ontario,	23	4,408,236	2,691,349	807,405	195	16,331,145
Manitoba	1	27,500	32,000	9,600	51	5.512,374
Saskatchewan	4	437,596	268,707	80,612	48	1,996,417
Alberta	2	351.059	242.000	72.600	30	4,263,418
British Columbia	6	1.984.049	1.746.471	523.941	80	8,000,245
Yukon	- '	-	-		1	44,900
Totals	55	11,109,730	8,791,686	2,687,506	548	51,626,469

Cold Storage Stocks.—Statistics of the stocks of food in the cold storage warehouses of Canada are collected and published monthly by the Agricultural Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. A summary of the cold storage